

Microlitos

*For two electric guitars and electronics,
in five movements.*

Mateo Marín Calderón, 2018.

Instrumentation:

Electric Guitar 1 & 2: Pedals – *Reverb + Overdrive + Others*, Plectrum, Ribbon [elastic hair band], Audio reproducer – Stereo [independent] headphones

The plectrum must not be too thin.

The ribbon is meant to mute the strings slightly when put around the neck. Reinforced with the overdrive pedal, it should produce, now and then, harmonics.

Both guitars must use wounded strings.

Both guitars must have at least two pickups, with one separate volume controller for each.

Electronics: Audio reproducer, 2 [stereo] Speaker cabinets (or similar)

Electronics for this peace can be obtained by writing to the composer at mateomarincalderon@gmail.com

Electronics are pre-composed and experience no modification during the performance; graphics appearing on the score are nothing but a visual representation of the sound. They serve a guiding, mnemonic and esthetical purpose.

Stopwatch: Screen

The screen should be big enough so that both interpreters can check the ongoing time at a considerable distance.

Notation, symbols and abbreviations:

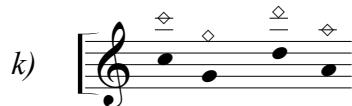
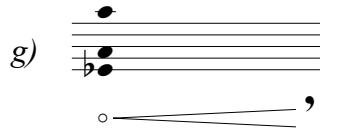
b) ↗

c) *

d) \V

e) □

f) ➔



l) Vbr. 1, 2, 3, 4

*

a) Timing indications appearing in the Electronics' stave state the beginning and end of each gesture/section in relation to the pre-composed tracks.

b) Activate the overdrive pedal.

c) Turn off the overdrive pedal.

d) Pick upward.

e) Pick downward.

f) On the electric guitars' stave, go along with the current gesture. On the electronics' stave, electronics remain similar throughout.

g) Pluck the strings with the volume regulator completely down, then perform the *crescendo* by means of turning up the volume regulator. Mute the strings with either hand to stop the sound.

h) Using the pickup selector, switch to an open (sounding) pick-up (the mellow sounding pickup, in the case of movement I). Volume should be set up before beginning the performance.

i) Using the pickup selector, switch to a closed (non-sounding) pick-up (the bright, nasal sounding pickup, in the case of movement I). Volume should be turned completely down before beginning the performance.

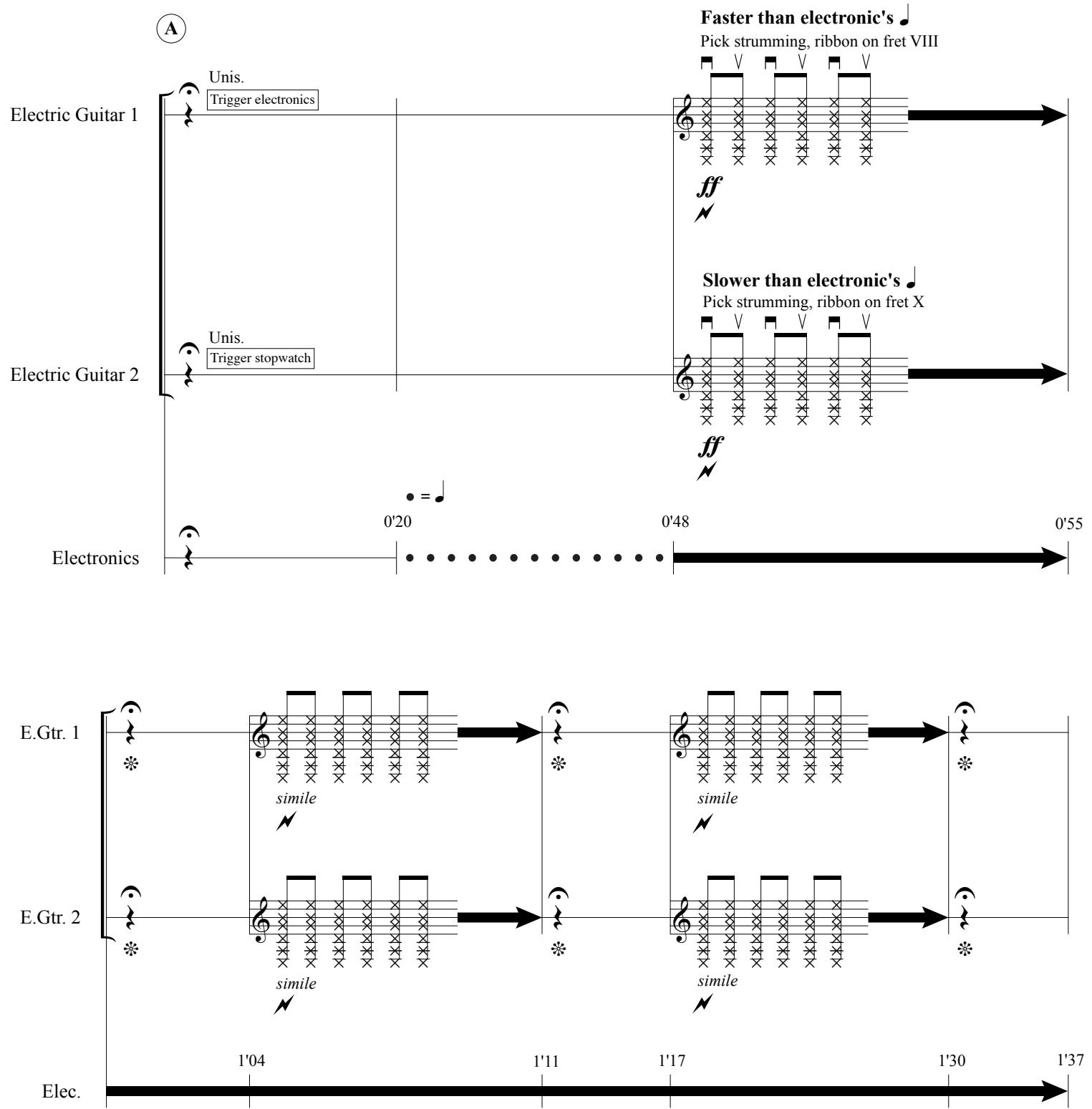
j) Exclusive for movement II. Perform the corresponding notes and rhythm, appearing in the *Células* ("Cells") page, in a moto-rhythmic fashion. Cell ω functions as the constant, ground-base cell from which all the other cells depart. Taking ω as an exception, all the cells must not be played more than 2 times consecutively. All cells in a given bar must be

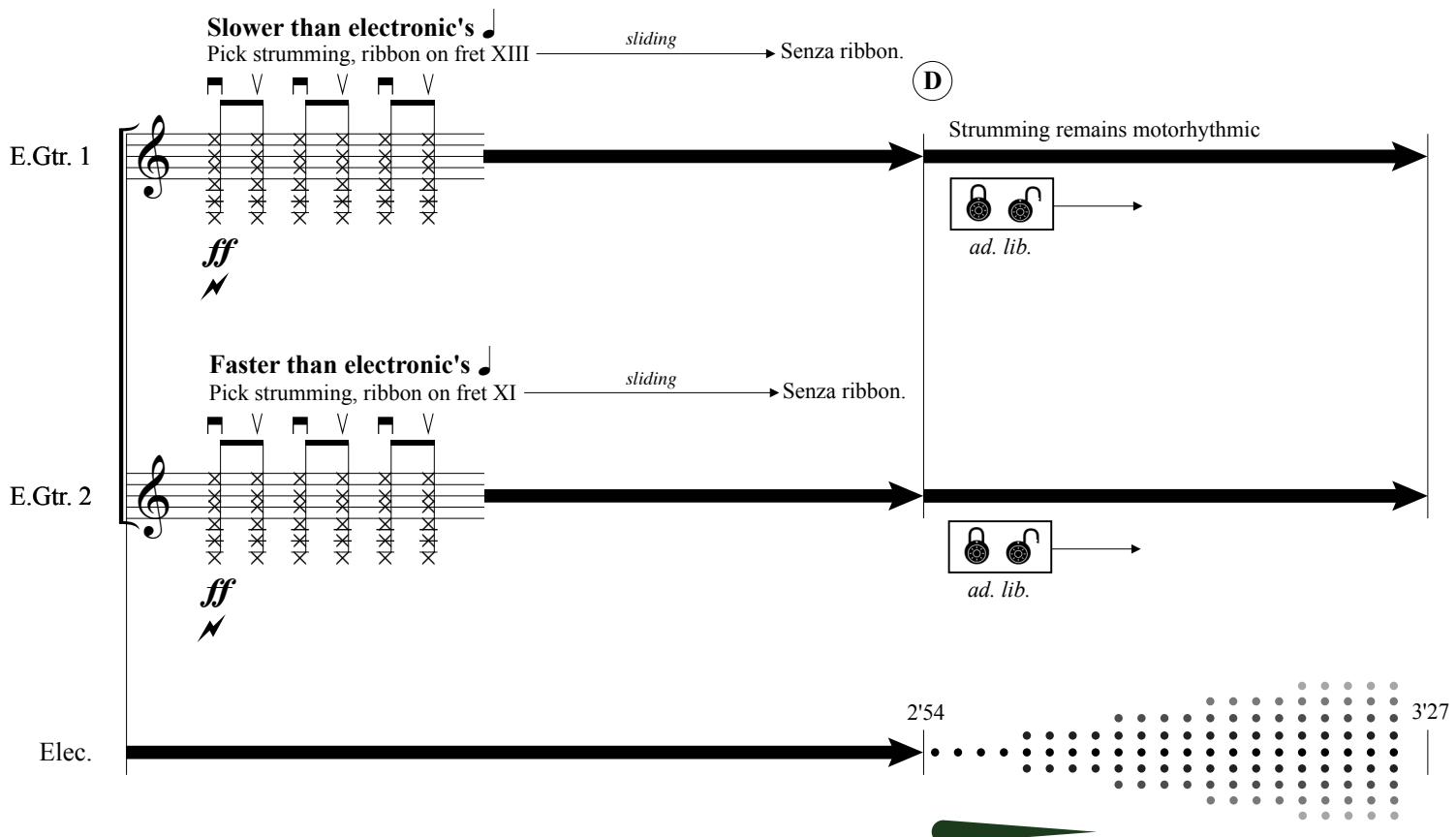
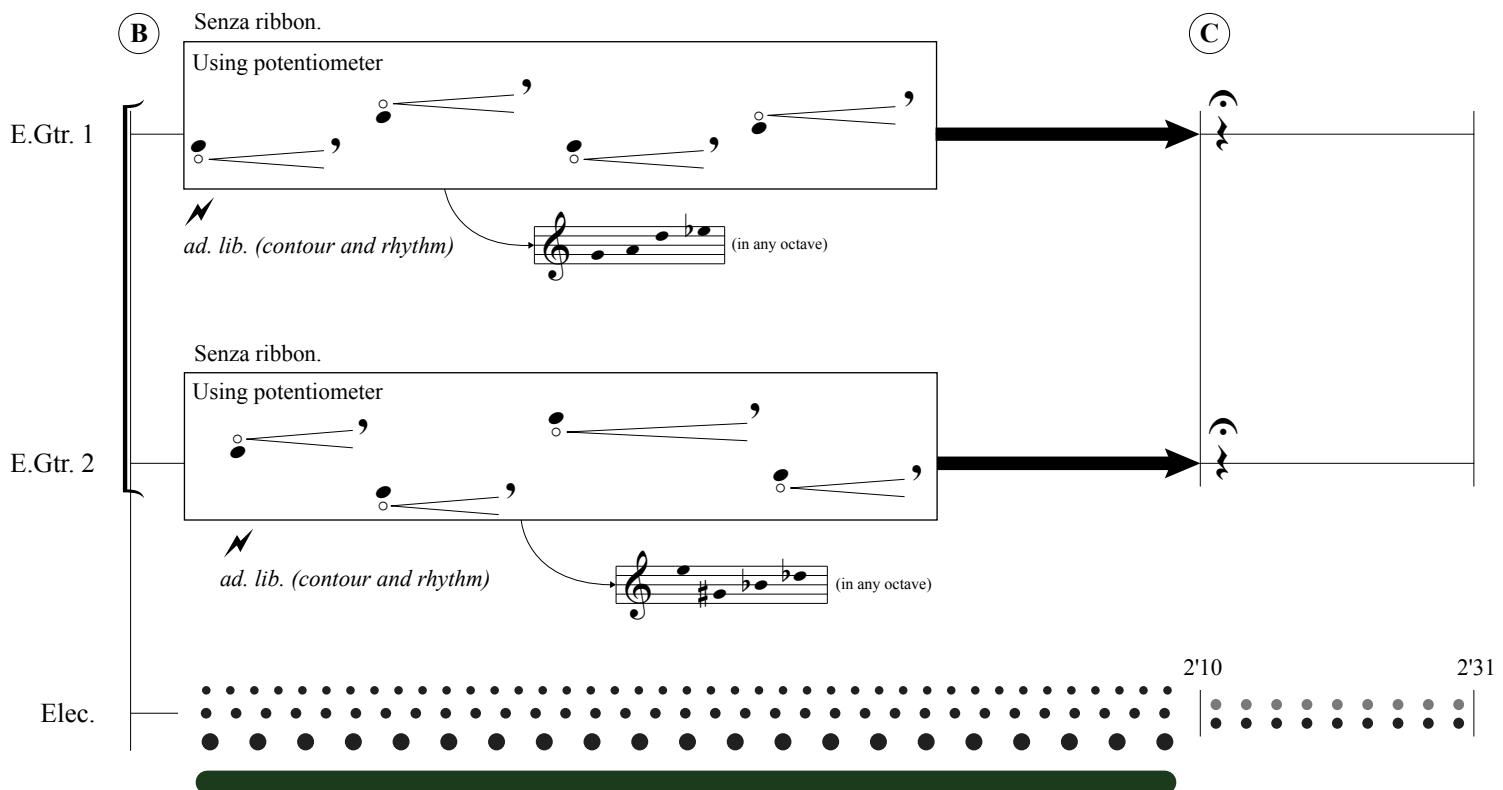
played at least once before the stopwatch indicates the performers should move on with the next bar. No silence should occur between cell changing.

k) Artificial harmonic, achieved by means of stepping on the fret corresponding to the bottom note, slightly placing the index finger in the fret appearing an octave higher in the same string, and plucking the string with the middle or the ring finger. The upper, diamond-shaped note should result.

l) Vibrato, achieved by means of moving the left hand (whilst pressing the frets corresponding to the indicated notes) in a horizontal fashion. When accompanied by a 1, the vibrato should be gentle; when by a 2, it should be slightly wider, almost exceeding the pressed fret but not quite; when by a 3, it should be an even wider vibrato, reaching to both the upper and lower adjacent notes of the indicated one; and when by 4, it should be a fairly exaggerated vibrato, the gesture covering a wide range of the fretboard.

I
Voluntad





E

F

Bright → Dull

Dull → Bright

Use potentiometer

E.Gtr. 1

E.Gtr. 2

dim.

mf *

Bright → Dull

Dull → Bright

Use potentiometer

Use potentiometer

Elec.

3'49

niente

E.Gtr. 1

E.Gtr. 2

Elec.

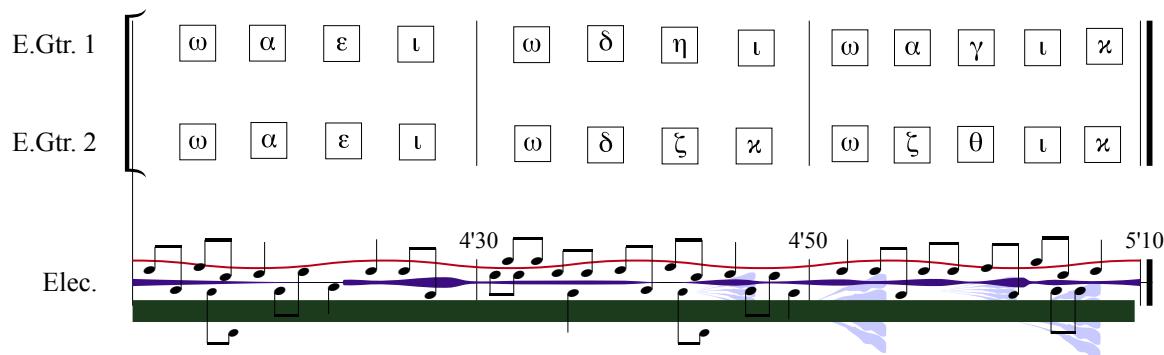
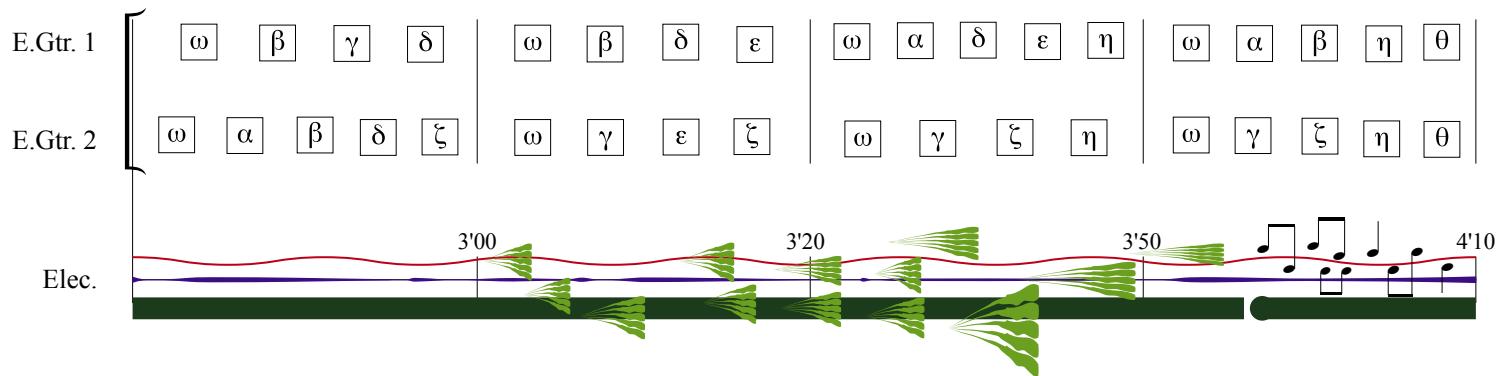
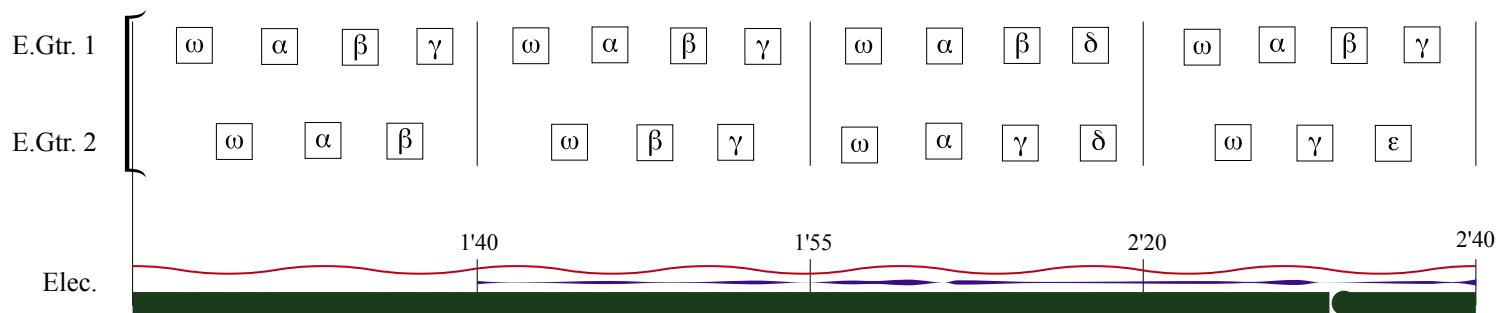
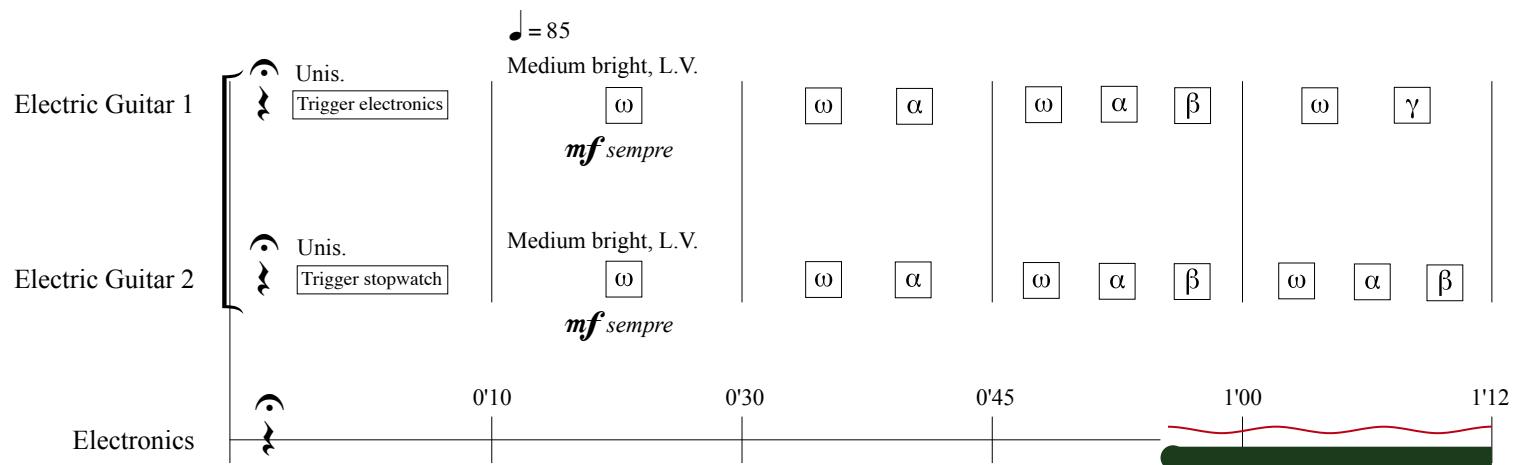
* *mf*

Gradually negotiate tempo until both performers hit and endure in a rhythmic unison.

4'48

II

Cuerpo



Células

(Cells)

Electric Guitar 1

Electric Guitar 2

ω α β γ

ω α β γ

This section contains four staves of musical notation for electric guitars. The first staff for Electric Guitar 1 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter ω (omega). The second staff for Electric Guitar 1 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter α (alpha). The third staff for Electric Guitar 1 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter β (beta). The fourth staff for Electric Guitar 1 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter γ (gamma). The first staff for Electric Guitar 2 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter ω (omega). The second staff for Electric Guitar 2 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter α (alpha). The third staff for Electric Guitar 2 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter β (beta). The fourth staff for Electric Guitar 2 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter γ (gamma).

E.Gtr. 1

E.Gtr. 2

δ ε ζ η

δ ε ζ η

This section contains four staves of musical notation for electric guitars. The first staff for E.Gtr. 1 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter δ (delta). The second staff for E.Gtr. 1 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter ε (epsilon). The third staff for E.Gtr. 1 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter ζ (zeta). The fourth staff for E.Gtr. 1 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter η (eta). The first staff for E.Gtr. 2 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter δ (delta). The second staff for E.Gtr. 2 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter ε (epsilon). The third staff for E.Gtr. 2 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter ζ (zeta) and has the number XII written below it. The fourth staff for E.Gtr. 2 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter η (eta).

E.Gtr. 1

E.Gtr. 2

θ τ χ

θ τ χ

This section contains three staves of musical notation for electric guitars. The first staff for E.Gtr. 1 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter θ (theta). The second staff for E.Gtr. 1 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter θ (theta). The first staff for E.Gtr. 2 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter θ (theta). The second staff for E.Gtr. 2 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter τ (tau). The third staff for E.Gtr. 2 is labeled with a square containing the Greek letter χ (chi).

III Intelección

Unis.

Trigger electronics and arrange de guitar in lap position. Also prepare the marbles.

Gently place a marble in between any pair of strings, either by the bridge or by the nut. Swing the guitar slightly, so that the marble slips along the fretboard. Catch it before it reaches the other end and falls, or let it fall and grab a new marble. Repeat the process. You may add any kind of distortion, tremolo or dry delay, intermittently.

Electric Guitar 1

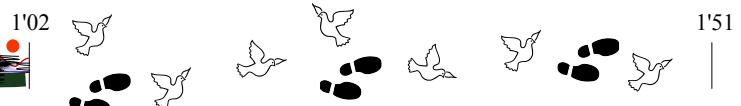
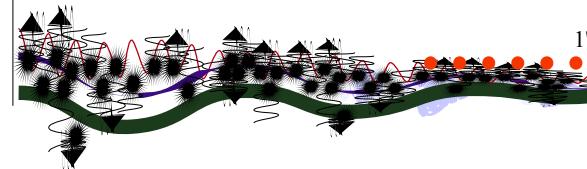
Unis.

Trigger stopwatch and arrange de guitar in lap position. Also prepare the marbles.

Gently place a marble in between any pair of strings, either by the bridge or by the nut. Swing the guitar slightly, so that the marble slips along the fretboard. Catch it before it reaches the other end and falls, or let it fall and grab a new marble. Repeat the process. You may add any kind of distortion, tremolo or dry delay, intermittently.

Electric Guitar 2

Electronics



1'51

 $\text{♩} \approx 47$

Return to normal position

L.V., sweep picking

End gesture at 3'20 even if, by any chance, it is not yet completed.

E.Gtr. 1

mf sempre

accentuate 1st time only

x3 simile x4 10

E.Gtr. 2

Prepare guitar with thick paper between the strings

ppp ————— *mf* ————— *ppp*
(Overall) ——————

Elec.

desarrolla una voz rítmica y lírica, cada vez con un ritmo distinto

E.Gtr. 1

x3 x3 10

E.Gtr. 2

ppp ————— *simile*

Elec.

E.Gtr. 1

E.Gtr. 2

mf ————— *ppp*

Elec.

E.Gtr. 1

E.Gtr. 2

ppp ————— *mf* ————— *ppp*

Elec.

E.Gtr. 1

E.Gtr. 2

ppp < *mf* > *ppp*

Elec.

E.Gtr. 1

E.Gtr. 2

Elec.

Adagio ma non troppo

L.V.

x?

short

Let go of paper

Adagio ma non troppo

L.V.

x?

short

Let go of paper

simile

XII.

short

Let overlap

simile

simile

XII.

short

Let overlap

simile

Elec.

E.Gtr. 1

E.Gtr. 2

Elec.

accel. —————— a "tempo"

accel. —————— a "tempo"

E.Gtr. 1

E.Gtr. 2

Elec.

short

short

Andante
"Unis."

Adagio ma non troppo

XII. —————— short

XII. —————— short

End gesture at 5'10 even if, by any chance, it is not yet completed.

"Unis."

XII. short

E.Gtr. 1

E.Gtr. 2

Elec.

E.Gtr. 1

E.Gtr. 2

Elec.

[Use strings 4, 5 and 6 only.] Sul tasto

ppp
legato

E.Gtr. 1

E.Gtr. 2

Elec.

[Use strings 4, 5 and 6 only.] Sul tasto

pp
legato

p

p

5'10

IV

Fatalidad

(A)

Electric Guitar 1

Trigger electronics

Electric Guitar 2

Trigger stopwatch

Electronics

0'10

Sul tasto

p

cresc.

End gesture at 2'00 even if, by any chance, it is not yet completed.

Sul tasto

p

cresc.

E.Gtr. 1

mp

cresc.

Ord.

mf

E.Gtr. 2

mp

cresc.

Ord.

mf

Elec.

E.Gtr. 1

Vbr. 1 →

cresc.

E.Gtr. 2

Vbr. 1 →

cresc.

Elec.

Vbr. 2 →

f

Vbr. 2 →

f

Vbr. 3

E.Gtr. 1

E.Gtr. 2

Elec.

Vbr. 3

E.Gtr. 1

E.Gtr. 2

Elec.

E.Gtr. 1

E.Gtr. 2

Elec.

Vbr. 4 - - - →

Vbr. 4 - - - → 3

3

E.Gtr. 1

E.Gtr. 2

Elec.

Vbr. 4 → Vbr. 1

Vbr. 4 → Vbr. 1

2'00

2'08

B Using potentiometer

E.Gtr. 1

E.Gtr. 2

Elec.

2'09 2'14 2'19 2'24 2'29 2'34 2'38

2'39 2'44 2'49 2'54 2'59 3'04 3'08

crescendo poco a poco

3'09 3'14 3'19 3'24 3'29 3'34 3'38

Electric guitar 1 score: The score shows a series of notes on a staff. Above each note is a vertical line with a circle at the top and a horizontal line with a circle at the end. The first measure has a '0%' label below the vertical line and a '100%' label below the horizontal line. The second measure has a 'simile' label below the horizontal line. Measures 3 and 4 have similar markings above the notes.

Electric guitar 2 score: The score shows a series of notes on a staff. Above each note is a vertical line with a circle at the top and a horizontal line with a circle at the end. The first measure has a 'simile' label below the horizontal line. Measures 2 and 3 have similar markings above the notes. The fourth measure has a 'simile' label below the horizontal line.

Electric guitar 1 performance timeline: The timeline starts at 2'09 and ends at 2'38. It includes a 'crescendo' section from 2'39 to 2'44, a 'poco' dynamic at 2'49, a 'a' dynamic at 2'54, another 'poco' dynamic at 2'59, and a final 'poco' dynamic at 3'04.

Electric guitar 2 performance timeline: The timeline starts at 3'09 and ends at 3'38. It includes a 'poco' dynamic at 3'14, a 'a' dynamic at 3'19, a '3'24' dynamic at 3'24, a '3'29' dynamic at 3'29, a '3'34' dynamic at 3'34, and a final '3'38' dynamic at 3'38.

E.Gtr. 1

E.Gtr. 2

Elec.

3'39 3'44 3'49 3'54 4'00

V

Nombre?

